

MARS SHOWS EVIDENCE OF ANCIENT CATASTROPHE

Question asked of MARS: Andy, you have commented on many radio broadcasts about the solar system catastrophe around 9,500 BC that devastated Earth and Mars. What was the cause of this catastrophe and is there any evidence of it visible in NASA's images now being sent back by its rovers on Mars?



Andrew D. Basiago, president, Mars Anomaly Research Society (MARS): We believe that the catastrophe that took place 11,500 years ago, around 9,500 BC, occurred when debris elements from the Vela supernova explosion entered our solar system, striking Mars, fracturing it, and squishing it into an oblate shape, while also damaging Earth, eclipsing the great maritime civilization that built the Great Pyramid and the Sphinx. This event was so destructive that human civilization on Earth did not recover for 6,500 years, with extraterrestrial intervention at Ancient Sumer around 3,000 BC. We find evidence of this ancient catastrophe on the surface of Mars today. In some locations on Mars, huge boulders have come to rest miles from mountains, as if thrown down on the surface of the Red Planet like marbles on a vast carpet by a giant child. In other locations, the massive deluge on Mars that resulted from the catastrophe has left tragic evidence of the passing of this event, in the form of the remains of Martian humanoids that lost their lives in the disaster. These bodies are found adjacent to each other, like at Pompeii, indicating the sudden way in which they were covered in mud and perished as a gigantic flood engulfed Mars.



A Typical Post-Deluge Debris Field on Mars



A Male Victim of the Catastrophe on Mars



A Female Victim of the Catastrophe on Mars

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